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1. <u>PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS</u>

(a) Protected Material designated under the terms of this Protective Order shall
be used by a Receiving Party solely for this case or as permitted by the Cross-Use Provision herein,
and shall not be used directly or indirectly for any other purpose whatsoever. Nothing in this Order
shall be construed as authorizing Plaintiffs to share any Protected Material with any defendant not
named to the above-captioned case as of the date of execution of this Order.

(b) The Parties acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket protections
on all disclosures during discovery, or in the course of making initial or supplemental disclosures
under Rule 26(a). Designations under this Order shall be made with care and shall not be made
absent a good faith belief that the designated material satisfies the criteria set forth below. If it
comes to a Producing Party's attention that designated material does not qualify for protection at
all, or does not qualify for the level of protection initially asserted, the Producing Party must
promptly notify all other Parties that it is withdrawing or changing the designation.

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2. <u>DEFINITIONS</u>

(a) "Discovery Material" means all items or information, including from any
non-party, regardless of the medium or manner generated, stored, or maintained (including, among
other things, testimony, transcripts, or tangible things) that are produced, disclosed, or generated in
connection with discovery or Rule 26(a) disclosures in this case.

(b) "Outside Counsel" means (i) outside counsel who appear on the pleadings as
counsel for a Party and (ii) partners, associates, and staff of such counsel to whom it is reasonably
necessary to disclose the information for this litigation.

(c) "In-house Counsel" means attorneys who are employees of a Party and are
working on this litigation, and includes supporting personnel employed by those counsel, such as
paralegals, but specifically excludes any inventor of a Patent-in-suit.

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 (d) "Patents-in-suit" means U.S. Patent No. 7,092,671, U.S. Patent No.

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 6,622,018, U.S. Patent No. 6,161,134, U.S. Patent No. 6,446,127, and U.S. Patent No. 6,216,158.

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> [PROPOSED] PROTECTIVE ORDER REGARDING THE DISCLOSURE AND USE OF DISCOVERY MATERIALS

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(e) "Party" means any party to this case as of the date of execution of this Order,
 including all of its officers, directors, employees, consultants, retained experts, and Outside Counsel
 and their support staff.

4 (f) "Producing Party" means any Party or non-party that discloses or produces
5 any Discovery Material in this case.

6 (g) "Protected Material" means any Discovery Material that is designated as
7 "CONFIDENTIAL," "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," or "HIGHLY
8 CONFIDENTIAL - SOURCE CODE," as provided for in this Order. Protected Material shall not
9 include: (i) advertising materials that have been actually published or publicly disseminated; and
10 (ii) materials that show on their face they have been disseminated to the public.

11 (h) "Receiving Party" means any Party who receives Discovery Material from a
12 Producing Party.

(i) "Source Code" means computer code, scripts, assembly code, binaries, object
code, source code listings and descriptions of source code, object code listings and descriptions of
object code, netlists, Hardware Description Language (HDL) or Register Transfer Level (RTL) files
that describe the hardware design of any ASIC or other chip, mask data design and fabrication
computer files stored in a "GDS" or related file format, process-flow documents related to the
fabrication of circuit boards, and other documents that provide the same definition or detailed
description of the algorithms or structures of software or hardware designs.

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COMPUTATION OF TIME

The computation of any period of time prescribed or allowed by this Order shall be governed by the provisions for computing time set forth in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 6.

4. <u>SCOPE</u>

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(a) The protections conferred by this Order cover not only Discovery Material
governed by this Order as addressed herein, but also any information copied or extracted therefrom,
as well as all copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations thereof, plus testimony, conversations,
or presentations by Parties or their counsel in Court or in other settings that might reveal Protected
Material.

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1 (b) Nothing in this Protective Order shall prevent or restrict a Producing Party's 2 own disclosure or use of its own Protected Material for any purpose, and nothing in this Order shall 3 preclude any Producing Party from showing its Protected Material to an individual who prepared 4 the Protected Material.

(c) Nothing in this Order shall be construed to prejudice any Party's right to use
any Protected Material in Court or in any Court filing with the written consent of the Producing
Party or by order of the Court.

8 (d) This Order is without prejudice to the right of any Party to seek further or
9 additional protection of any Discovery Material or to modify this Order in any way, including,
10 without limitation, an order that certain matter not be produced at all.

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5. **DURATION**

Even after the termination of this case, the confidentiality obligations imposed by this Order
shall remain in effect until a Producing Party agrees otherwise in writing or a Court order otherwise
directs.

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6.

ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

(a) <u>Basic Principles</u>. All Protected Material shall be used solely for this case or
any related appellate proceeding, and not for any other purpose whatsoever, including without
limitation any other litigation, patent prosecution or acquisition, patent reexamination, reissue, *inter partes* review, covered business method review, or other post-grant review proceedings, or any
business or competitive purpose or function. Protected Material shall not be distributed, disclosed
or made available to anyone except as expressly provided in this Order.

(b) <u>Patent Prosecution Bar</u>. Absent the written consent of the Producing Party,
any person employed by, related to, or representing Plaintiffs who is permitted to and in fact
receives any of Defendant's materials designated "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEY'S
EYES ONLY" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – SOURCE CODE" and directed to technical
information relevant to the case, but excluding financial data or non-technical business information
(collectively, "HIGHLY SENSITIVE TECHNICAL MATERIAL"), in accordance with this Order,
shall not, on behalf of Plaintiffs or their acquirer, successor, predecessor, or other affiliate, prepare,

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prosecute, or assist in the preparation or prosecution of any patent application relating to the subject 1 matter of the asserted patent(s) and corresponding to the produced technical information, e.g., 2 (a) controlling the charging and discharging of a battery based on temperature; (b) wirelessly 3 4 sending graphics primitives or graphics commands to a remote display; (c) using a portable device 5 to control a telephone in dialing a phone number; (d) wirelessly discovering and controlling remote 6 devices; (e) exchanging data relating to operational parameters and/or capabilities between a 7 portable device and telephone; (f) registering a user or a portable device with a telephone and/or providing portability of a user's telephone number between data telephones; or (g) using a mobile 8 9 computer to identify and access services provided on a network, before any foreign or domestic 10 agency, including the United States Patent and Trademark Office. To ensure compliance with the purpose of this provision, each party shall create an "Ethical Wall" between those persons with 11 access to HIGHLY SENSITIVE TECHNICAL MATERIAL in accordance with this Order, and any 12 13 individuals who, on behalf of Plaintiffs or their acquirer, successor, predecessor, or other affiliate, prepare, supervise, or assist in the preparation or prosecution of any patent application relating to 14 15 the accused functionalities as enumerated in clauses (a)-(g), above. These prohibitions shall not 16 preclude Plaintiffs' litigation counsel from participating in any *inter partes* review proceedings. 17 However, if and when claim amendments are considered in such an *inter partes* review, Plaintiffs' 18 litigation counsel participating in that *inter partes* review must at that time either end their involvement in that *inter partes* proceeding or request leave of court to continue their participation 19 20in that proceeding. Litigation counsel who are the subject of such a request shall not provide input on any proposed claim amendments while the motion for leave is pending, and the Producing Party 21 will agree to reasonable measures to expedite consideration of that motion (such as an expedited 22 23 briefing schedule that allows for at least one week for the filing of an opposition). If leave of court 24 is granted, then Plaintiffs' litigation counsel may continue to represent Plaintiffs in the litigation 25 and the *inter partes* proceeding at issue, even though amendments are considered. If leave is 26 denied, then those counsel with access to HIGHLY SENSITIVE TECHNICAL MATERIALS shall withdraw from representation in, and shall not provide any input concerning, that inter partes 27 28 review. The prohibitions of this paragraph shall begin when the HIGHLY SENSITIVE

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TECHNICAL MATERIALS are first received by the affected individual, and shall end one (1) year
 after the settlement and/or dismissal of the Producing Party Defendant from this action or the final
 non-appealable termination of this action.

4 (c) Patent Acquisition Bar. Absent the written consent of the Producing Party, 5 any person employed by, related to, or representing Plaintiffs who is permitted to and in fact 6 receives any of Defendant's materials designated "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEY'S EYES ONLY" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - SOURCE CODE" and directed to technical 7 8 information relevant to the case, but excluding financial data or non-technical business information 9 (collectively, "HIGHLY SENSITIVE TECHNICAL MATERIAL"), in accordance with this Order, 10 shall not advise, counsel, participate, or assist in the acquisition of any patents or patent applications that (1) relate to the subject matter of the asserted patent in this case; or (2) relate to the subject 11 12 matter of the HIGHLY SENSITIVE TECHNICAL MATERIAL that such individual reviewed. For 13 the avoidance of doubt, the "acquisition" of patents under this section includes any analysis or evaluation of patents for the purposes of evaluating whether, or for what price, to acquire them. 14 15 These prohibitions shall begin when the HIGHLY SENSITIVE TECHNICAL MATERIALS are 16 first received by the affected individual, and shall end one (1) year after the settlement or dismissal 17 of the Producing Party Defendant from this action or the final non-appealable termination of this 18 action.

19 (d) Secure Storage, No Export. Protected Material must be stored and 20 maintained by a Receiving Party at a location in the United States and in a secure manner that 21 ensures that access is limited to the persons authorized under this Order. Materials designated "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL 22 23 SOURCE CODE" produced by Defendant shall not be taken or reviewed outside the United States 24 unless expressly agreed to in writing by the Producing Party. If a deposition of a Producing Party's 25 employee or 30(b)(6) designee occurs outside the United States, that Producing Party's Protected 26 Materials may be taken outside the United States solely for purposes of their use at that deposition. Any materials designated "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - SOURCE CODE" are subject to the 27 28 restrictions in paragraph 11(c)(ix).

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1 (e) <u>Legal Advice Based on Protected Material</u>. Nothing in this Protective Order 2 shall be construed to prevent counsel from advising their clients with respect to this case based in 3 whole or in part upon Protected Materials, provided counsel does not disclose the Protected 4 Material itself except as provided in this Order.

5 (f) Limitations. Nothing in this Order shall restrict in any way a Producing 6 Party's use or disclosure of its own Protected Material. Nothing in this Order shall restrict in any 7 way the use or disclosure of Discovery Material by a Receiving Party: (i) that is or has become 8 publicly known through no fault of the Receiving Party; (ii) that is lawfully acquired by or known 9 to the Receiving Party independent of the Producing Party; (iii) previously produced, disclosed 10 and/or provided by the Producing Party to the Receiving Party or a non-party without an obligation of confidentiality and not by inadvertence or mistake; (iv) with the consent of the Producing Party; 11 12 or (v) pursuant to order of the Court. However, if the accuracy of information is confirmed only through the review of Protected Material, then the information shall not be considered to be 13 publicly known. For example, unsubstantiated media speculations or rumors that are later 14 15 confirmed to be accurate through access to Protected Material are not "publicly known" 16 information. Such information is explicitly included in the definition of "Protected Material" set forth in Paragraph 2(g) above. 17

18 Cross-Use Provision. Any Discovery Materials produced or generated by any (g) Producing Party in this case (including deposition testimony) shall, subject to the provisions set 19 20 forth below, be deemed to have been produced in each of the following cases currently pending in 21 this District: 18-cv-00357, 18-cv-00360, 18-cv-00361, 18-cv-00362, 18-cv-00363, 18-cv-00364, 22 18-cv-00365, and 18-cv-00572, and any other action between the Parties hereto whose Protective 23 Order specifically includes a Cross-Use Provision referencing this provision herein (the "Cross-Use 24 Cases"). Further, as to Apple only, any Discovery Materials produced or generated by Apple in the 25 case filed in the Eastern District of Texas No. 2:16-cv-638 shall be deemed to have been produced 26 in each of the following cases currently pending in this District: 18-cv-00357, 18-cv-00360, 18-cv-27 00361, 18-cv-00362, 18-cv-00363, 18-cv-00364, 18-cv-00365, and 18-cv-00572, and any other 28

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Cross-Use Cases between the Parties hereto. This Cross-Use Provision is subject to the following
 limitations:

(1) Any material subject to this provision shall retain the confidentiality designation provided by the Producing Party, and shall be subject to the protections set forth in this Order and any additional protections set forth in any Protective Order entered in the Cross-Use Case or Cases in which the document is sought to be used.
(2) Access to material under this provision is limited to outside counsel of record in the Cross-Use Case or Cases or Cases in which the document is sought to be used, together with individuals entitled to access documents bearing the relevant confidentiality designation under a Protective Order entered in such Cross-Use Case or Cases.
(3) The Cross-Use Provision shall not apply to Discovery Material

- (3) The Cross-Use Provision shall not apply to Discovery Material labeled "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – SOURCE CODE."
- (4) Nothing in this Cross-Use Provision shall be construed as authorizing Plaintiffs to share any Protected Material with any defendant not named in the above-captioned case as of the date of execution of this Order.

7. <u>DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL</u>

(a) <u>Available Designations</u>. Any Producing Party may designate Discovery
Material with any of the following designations, provided that it meets the requirements for such
designations as provided for herein: "CONFIDENTIAL," "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - SOURCE CODE."

(b) <u>Written Discovery and Documents and Tangible Things</u>. Written discovery,
documents (which include "electronically stored information," as that phrase is used in Federal
Rule of Civil Procedure 34), and tangible things that meet the requirements for the confidentiality

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designations listed in Paragraph 7(a) may be so designated by placing the appropriate designation on every page of the written material prior to production. For digital files being produced, the Producing Party may mark each viewable page or image with the appropriate designation, and mark the medium, container, and/or communication in which the digital files were contained. In the event that original documents are produced for inspection, the original documents shall be presumed "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" during the inspection and redesignated, as appropriate during the copying process.

8 Native Files. Where electronic files and documents are produced in native (c) 9 electronic format, such electronic files and documents shall be designated for protection under this 10 Order by appending to the file names or designators information indicating whether the file contains "CONFIDENTIAL," "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" or "HIGHLY 11 CONFIDENTIAL - SOURCE CODE," material, or the Producing Party shall use any other 12 13 reasonable method for so designating Protected Materials produced in electronic format. When 14 electronic files or documents are printed for use at deposition, in a Court proceeding, or for 15 provision in printed form to an expert or consultant pre-approved pursuant to Paragraph 12, the 16 Party printing the electronic files or documents shall affix a legend to the printed document 17 corresponding to the designation of the Designating Party and including the production number and 18 designation associated with the native file. No one shall seek to use in this litigation a .tiff, .pdf, or other image format version of a document produced in native file format without first (1) providing 19 20 a copy of the image format version to the Producing Party so that the Producing Party can review the image to ensure that no information has been altered, and (2) obtaining the consent of the 21 Producing Party, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld. 22

(d) <u>Depositions and Testimony</u>. Parties or testifying persons or entities may
designate depositions and other testimony with the appropriate designation by indicating on the
record at the time the testimony is given or by sending written notice of which portions of the
transcript of the testimony are so designated within thirty (30) days of receipt of the transcript of the
testimony. If no indication on the record is made, all information disclosed during a deposition shall
be deemed "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" until the time within

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which it may be appropriately designated as provided for herein has passed. Any Party that wishes 1 2 to disclose the transcript, or information contained therein, may provide written notice of its intent 3 to treat the transcript as non-confidential, after which time, any Party that wants to maintain any 4 portion of the transcript as confidential must designate the confidential portions within seventeen 5 (17) days, absent written agreement by the parties for additional time, or else the transcript may be 6 treated as non-confidential. Any Protected Material that is used in the taking of a deposition shall 7 remain subject to the provisions of this Protective Order, along with the transcript pages of the 8 deposition testimony dealing with such Protected Material. In such cases the court reporter shall be 9 informed of this Protective Order and shall be required to operate in a manner consistent with this 10 Protective Order. In the event the deposition is videotaped, the original and all copies of the videotape shall be marked by the video technician to indicate that the contents of the videotape are 11 subject to this Protective Order, substantially along the lines of "This videotape contains 12 confidential testimony used in this case and is not to be viewed or the contents thereof to be 13 displayed or revealed except pursuant to the terms of the operative Protective Order in this matter or 14 15 pursuant to written stipulation of the parties." Counsel for any Producing Party shall have the right 16 to exclude from oral depositions, other than the deponent, deponent's counsel, and the reporter and 17 videographer (if any), any person who is not authorized by this Protective Order to receive or access 18 Protected Material based on the designation of such Protected Material. Such right of exclusion 19 shall be applicable only during periods of examination or testimony regarding such Protected 20Material.

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8.

DISCOVERY MATERIAL DESIGNATED AS "CONFIDENTIAL"

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(a) A Producing Party may designate Discovery Material as "CONFIDENTIAL" if it contains or reflects confidential, proprietary, and/or commercially sensitive information.

(b) Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, Discovery Material designated as
"CONFIDENTIAL" may be disclosed only to the following:

(i) The Receiving Party's Outside Counsel, such counsel's immediate
paralegals and staff, and any copying or clerical litigation support services working at the direction
of such counsel, paralegals, and staff;

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(ii) Not more than three (3) representatives of the Receiving Party who
are officers or employees of the Receiving Party, who may be, but need not be, In-house Counsel
for the Receiving Party, as well as their immediate paralegals and staff, to whom disclosure is
reasonably necessary for this case, provided that: (a) each such person has agreed to be bound by
the provisions of the Protective Order by signing a copy of Exhibit A; and (b) no unresolved
objections to such disclosure exist after proper notice has been given to all Parties as set forth in
Paragraph 12 below;

8 (iii) Any outside expert or consultant retained by the Receiving Party to 9 assist in this action, provided that disclosure is only to the extent necessary to perform such work; 10 and provided that: (a) such expert or consultant has agreed to be bound by the provisions of the Protective Order by signing a copy of Exhibit A; (b) such expert or consultant is not a current 11 officer, director, board member, or employee of a Party or of a competitor of a Party, nor 12 13 anticipated at the time of retention to become an officer, director, board member, or employee of a Party or of a competitor of a Party; (c) such expert or consultant accesses the materials in the United 14 15 States only, and does not transport them to or access them from any foreign jurisdiction, except 16 that, for example, an expert or consultant may transport Protected Material outside of the United 17 States for the purpose of providing support to outside counsel of a party deposing employees of 18 another party or a third party resident overseas; and (d) no unresolved objections to such disclosure exist after proper notice has been given to all Parties as set forth in Paragraph 12 below. If an 19 20unresolved objection to such disclosures exists, the Parties agree to promptly confer and use good 21 faith to resolve any such objection;

(iv) Court reporters, stenographers, and videographers retained to record
testimony taken in this action;

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(v) The Court, jury, and Court personnel;

(vi) Graphics, translation, design, and/or trial consulting personnel,
having first agreed to be bound by the provisions of the Protective Order by signing a copy of
Exhibit A;

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(vii) Mock jurors retained by a trial consulting firm in connection with this
 litigation having first signed an undertaking or agreement agreeing not to publicly disclose
 Protected Material and to keep any information concerning Protected Material confidential to the
 same degree as required by this Protective Order;

5 (viii) Any mediator who is assigned to hear this matter and his or her staff,
6 subject to their agreement to maintain confidentiality to the same degree as required by this
7 Protective Order; and

8 (ix) Any other person with the prior written consent of the Producing9 Party.

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DISCOVERY MATERIAL DESIGNATED AS "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY"

A Producing Party may designate Discovery Material as "HIGHLY (a) 12 CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" if it contains or reflects information that is 13 extremely confidential and/or sensitive in nature and the Producing Party reasonably believes that 14 the disclosure of such Discovery Material is likely to cause economic harm or significant 15 competitive disadvantage to the Producing Party. The Parties agree that the following information, 16 if non-public, shall be presumed to merit the "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS' EYES 17 ONLY" designation: trade secrets, pricing information, financial data, sales information, sales or 18 marketing forecasts or plans, business plans, sales or marketing strategy, product development 19 information, engineering documents, testing documents, employee information, and other non-20public information of similar competitive and business sensitivity. 21

(b) Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, Discovery Material designated as
 "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" may be disclosed only to:

(i) The Receiving Party's Outside Counsel, provided that such Outside
 Counsel is not involved in competitive decision-making on behalf of a Party or a competitor of a
 Party, and such Outside Counsel's immediate paralegals and staff, and any copying or clerical
 litigation support services working at the direction of such counsel, paralegals, and staff; and

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(ii) The individuals listed in paragraphs 8(b)(iii-ix), provided that such
 individuals are not involved in competitive decision-making on behalf of a Party or a competitor of
 a Party.

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10. <u>DISCOVERY MATERIAL DESIGNATED AS "HIGHLY</u> <u>CONFIDENTIAL – SOURCE CODE"</u>

(a) To the extent production of Source Code becomes necessary to the
 prosecution or defense of the case, a Producing Party may designate Source Code as "HIGHLY
 CONFIDENTIAL - SOURCE CODE" if it comprises or includes confidential, proprietary, and/or
 trade secret Source Code.

(b) Nothing in this Order shall be construed as a representation or admission that
 Source Code is properly discoverable in this action, or to obligate any Party to produce any Source
 Code.

(c) Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, Discovery Material designated as
 "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – SOURCE CODE" shall be subject to the provisions set forth in
 Paragraph 11 below, and may be disclosed, subject to Paragraph 11 below, solely to:

(i) The Receiving Party's Outside Counsel, provided that such Outside
 Counsel is not involved in competitive decision-making on behalf of a Party or a competitor of a
 Party, and such Outside Counsel's immediate paralegals and staff, and any copying or clerical
 litigation support services working at the direction of such counsel, paralegals, and staff; and

(ii) The individuals listed in paragraphs 8(b)(iii-vi and viii-ix), provided
 that such individuals are not involved in competitive decision-making on behalf of a Party or a
 competitor of a Party.

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11.

DISCLOSURE AND REVIEW OF SOURCE CODE

(a) Any Source Code that is produced by Plaintiff shall be made available for
inspection in electronic format at the office of its Outside Counsel, or any other location mutually
agreed by the Parties. Any Source Code that is produced by Defendant shall be made available for
inspection in electronic format at the office of Defendant's Outside Counsel, or any other location
mutually agreed by the Parties. Source Code will be made available for inspection between the

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hours of 8:00 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. on business days (i.e., weekdays that are not Federal holidays).
The Parties will be reasonable in accommodating reasonable requests to alter these hours so long as
reasonable advanced notice, and in no event less than three (3) business days' notice, of any such
reasonable requests is provided.

(b) Prior to the first inspection of any requested Source Code, the parties agree to
meet and confer regarding the review and production of Source Code if requested by either Party.
Further, the Receiving Party shall provide ten (10) days' notice for its initial review of any Source
Code that it wishes to inspect. The Receiving Party shall provide two (2) days' notice prior to any
additional inspections.

10 (c) Source Code that is designated "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - SOURCE
11 CODE" shall be produced for inspection and review subject to the following provisions, unless
12 otherwise agreed by the Producing Party:

13 All Source Code shall be made available by the Producing Party to (i) 14 the Receiving Party's Outside Counsel and/or experts in a secure room on a secured computer 15 without Internet access or network access to other computers and on which all access ports have 16 been disabled, as necessary and appropriate to prevent and protect against any unauthorized 17 copying, transmission, removal, or other transfer of any Source Code outside or away from the 18 computer on which the Source Code is provided for inspection (the "Source Code Computer" in the "Source Code Review Room"). The Source Code Computer shall be password protected. The 19 20 Producing Party shall produce Source Code in computer searchable format on the Source Code Computer and in the file format in which the Source Code is kept in the ordinary course of the 21 Producing Party's business. The Producing Party shall provide the Receiving Party with 22 information explaining how to start, log on to, and operate the stand-alone computer(s) in order to 23 24 access the produced Source Code.

(ii) The Producing Party shall install tools that are sufficient for viewing
and searching the code produced, on the platform produced, if such tools exist and are presently
used in the ordinary course of the Producing Party's business. The Producing Party shall include
the review tool "UNDERSTAND" on the secured computer. The Receiving Party's outside counsel

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and/or experts may request that additional commercially available software tools for viewing and 1 2 searching Source Code be installed on the secured computer, provided, however, that (a) the 3 Receiving Party possesses an appropriate license to such software tools; (b) the Producing Party 4 approves such software tools; and (c) such software tools can execute on the secured computer and 5 are reasonably necessary for the Receiving Party to perform its review of the Source Code 6 consistent with all of the protections herein. The Receiving Party must provide the Producing 7 Party with a CD or DVD (or other appropriate medium) containing such licensed software tool(s) at least seven (7) days in advance of the date upon which the Receiving Party wishes to have the 8 9 additional software tools available for use on the Source Code Computer.

(iii) No recordable media or recordable devices, including without
limitation sound recorders, personal digital assistants (PDAs), cellular telephones, peripheral
equipment, cameras, voice recorders, Dictaphones, telephone jacks, CDs, DVDs, or drives of any
kind (e.g., USB memory sticks and portable hard drives), shall be permitted into the Source Code
Review Room. No non-electronic devices capable of similar functionality shall be permitted in the
Source Code Review Room.

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(iv) Non-Networked Computer for Note-Taking Purposes Only:

17 The Receiving Party's Outside Counsel and/or experts shall be entitled to 18 take notes relating to the Source Code but may not copy or transcribe the Source Code or any portion thereof into the notes. The Receiving Party's expert(s) and/or consultant may use a single 19 20 Notetaking Computer in the review room for the sole purpose of taking and reviewing his or her notes. The Notetaking Computer shall be provided to the Receiving Party by the Producing Party at 21 22 the beginning of the first inspection, and shall have commercially reasonable processing power and 23 storage facilities. The Receiving Party may maintain the Notetaking Computer in its possession 24 until ninety (90) days following final termination of this matter, after which it must destroy the 25 Notetaking Computer or return it to the Producing Party. The Receiving Party shall treat the 26 Notetaking Computer, and any notes on it, with the same precautions as are required for printed 27 copies of source code. The Producing Party shall install on the Notetaking Computer reasonable 28 word-processing software as requested by the Receiving Party. The WiFi, Bluetooth, and camera

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functionalities on the Notetaking Computer will be permanently disabled. The taking of 1 photographs or video shall not be permitted in the Source Code Review Room. The Producing 2 Party may inspect the Receiving Party's Notetaking Computer to be used in the Source Code 3 Review Room, but solely to ensure that it is the same Notetaking Computer previously provided. 4 Such inspection shall be conducted in the Receiving Party's presence and should not count against 5 6 Receiving Party's review time. The Producing Party may not look at any notes or files on the 7 Notetaking Computer at any time. The Receiving Party shall not install or insert any added 8 functionality whatsoever as to the Notetaking computer, and shall not attempt to connect the 9 Notetaking Computer to any network.

10 The Producing Party may visually monitor the activities of the (v) Receiving Party's representatives during any Source Code review, but only to ensure that no 11 12 unauthorized electronic records of the Source Code and no information concerning the Source Code 13 are being created or transmitted in any way. Any observer used by the Producing Party may monitor the Receiving Party's representatives during the Source Code review through a glass 14 15 partition and so as to refrain from overhearing a conversation (in order that the Receiving Party's 16 representatives can discuss the Source Code in the course of their review). During the Receiving 17 Party's review of the Source Code, the Producing Party shall not otherwise interfere with the 18 Receiving Party's review of the Source Code and shall not be permitted access to the Receiving Party's notes, work product, or discussions inside the review room or following each day's 19 20 inspection of the Source Code. During the Source Code review, the Producing Party agrees to provide a "break-out" room for the Receiving Party's Source Code reviewer(s) to make phone calls 21 and work. To the extent such a break-out room is not reasonably available, the Producing Party 22 23 agrees to so notify the Receiving Party at least three (3) business days in advance of any day on 24 which the Receiving Party's Source Code reviewers are expected to inspect the Source Code. No 25 copies of all or any portion of the Source Code may leave the Source Code Review Room except as 26 otherwise provided herein. Further, no other written or electronic record of the Source Code is 27 permitted except as otherwise provided herein. The Receiving Party may request a reasonable 28 number of pages of Source Code to be printed by the Producing Party, but no more than 50

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consecutive pages, or an aggregate total of more than 1500 pages and only when reasonably 1 necessary to prepare court filings or pleadings or other papers (including a testifying expert's expert 2 report) and only to the extent necessary for use in this action. To the extent Receiving Party requires 3 4 an aggregate total of more than 1500 pages of source code, the Receiving Party shall make such 5 request in writing, including the basis of such a request, and the Parties shall meet and confer to 6 determine whether good cause exists to produce a limited number of additional pages. The 7 Receiving Party shall not request printing of Source Code in order to review blocks of Source Code 8 elsewhere in the first instance, i.e., as an alternative to reviewing that Source Code electronically on 9 the Source Code Computer, as the Parties acknowledge and agree that the purpose of the 10 protections herein would be frustrated by printing portions of code for review and analysis 11 elsewhere, and printing is permitted only when necessary to prepare Court filings or pleadings or 12 other papers (including a testifying expert's expert report). The Producing Party shall Bates 13 number, copy, and label "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – SOURCE CODE" any pages requested by 14 the Receiving Party. Within three (3) business days, the Producing Party shall either (i) provide one 15 copy set of such pages to the Receiving Party, or (ii) inform the Requesting Party that it objects that the printed portions are excessive and/or not done for a permitted purpose. If, after meeting and 16 17 conferring within one (1) business day of any objections, the Producing Party and the Receiving 18 Party cannot resolve the objection, the Producing Party shall within seven (7) days of the meet and confer move the Court for a Protective Order and shall agree to expedited briefing of the motion, 19 20 failing any of which, the Producing Party shall provide one copy set of the requested pages to the Receiving Party within two (2) days.¹ The printed pages shall constitute part of the Source Code 21 produced by the Producing Party in this action. Access to the Source Code Computer shall be 22 limited to seven (7) Outside Counsel representing the Reviewing Party and seven (7) outside 23 24 consultants or experts retained by the Reviewing Party. All persons viewing Source Code shall sign

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PROPOSED PROTECTIVE ORDER REGARDING THE DISCLOSURE AND USE OF DISCOVERY MATERIALS

 ²⁵ ¹ Both Parties agree that the briefing period and page-limits for such motions for a protective order shall be as follows: (1) Producing Party shall file the motion by 5 PM EST no later than seven (7) days after the meet and confer with an agreed motion for expedited briefing as set forth herein; (2)
 ²⁷ Receiving Party's Response shall fall due within seven (7) days. Both the Producing and Receiving

Party further agree that briefing for such motions shall be limited to no more than five (5) pages for the motion and five (5) pages for the response to the motion. The parties further agree that neither reply nor sur-reply briefs shall be filed in connection with such motions.

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on each day they view Source Code a log that will include the names of persons who enter the
 Source Code Review Room to view the Source Code and when they enter and depart. The
 Producing Party shall be entitled to a copy of the log upon seven (7) days' advance notice to the
 Receiving Party.

5 (vi) Unless otherwise agreed in advance by the Parties in writing, 6 following each day on which inspection is done under this Order, the Receiving Party's Outside 7 Counsel and/or experts shall remove all notes, documents, and all other materials from the Source 8 Code Review Room and shall maintain any such notes in a manner that prevents duplication of or 9 unauthorized access to the Source Code. Any such notes must be marked on each page with the 10 designation – "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL — SOURCE CODE." The Producing Party shall not be responsible for any items left in the Source Code Review Room, including but not limited to 11 12 preserving the confidentiality of any such items, following each inspection session. Proper identification of all authorized persons shall be provided prior to any access to the Source Code 13 Review Room or the Source Code Computer. Proper identification requires showing, at a minimum, 14 15 a photo identification card sanctioned by the government of any State of the United States, by the 16 government of the United States, or by the nation state of the authorized person's current 17 citizenship. Access to the Source Code Review Room or the Source Code Computer may be denied, 18 at the discretion of the supplier, to any individual who fails to provide proper identification.

(vii) Other than as provided above, the Receiving Party will not copy,
remove, or otherwise transfer any Source Code from the Source Code Computer including, without
limitation, copying, removing, or transferring the Source Code onto any recordable media or
recordable device. The Receiving Party will not transmit any Source Code in any way from the
Producing Party's facilities or the offices of its Outside Counsel.

(viii) The Receiving Party's Outside Counsel may make no more than four
(4) additional paper copies of any portions of the Source Code received from a Producing Party
pursuant to Paragraph 11 not including copies attached to Court filings or for use at depositions (as
indicated in Paragraph 11(c)(ix) below), and shall maintain a log of all paper copies of the Source
Code. The Receiving Party's Outside Counsel and any person receiving a copy of any Source Code

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shall maintain and store any paper copies of the Source Code at their offices in a manner that 1 prevents duplication of or unauthorized access to the Source Code, including, without limitation, 2 3 storing the Source Code in a locked room or cabinet at all times when it is not in use. No more than 4 a total of fourteen (14) individuals identified by the Receiving Party shall have access to the printed 5 portions of Source Code (except insofar as such code appears in any Court filing or expert report). 6 Copies of Source Code that are marked as deposition exhibits shall not be provided to the Court 7 Reporter or attached to deposition transcripts; rather, the deposition record will identify the exhibit by its production numbers. The Receiving Party may bring copies of the printed Source Code to the 8 9 deposition unless the Producing Party notifies Receiving Party in advance of the deposition that the 10 Producing Party will provide a Source Code computer at the deposition containing all source code, in computer-searchable format, previously produced by the Producing Party.² Further, the 11 12 Receiving Party may bring to the deposition copies of any expert reports or pleadings containing 13 source code, including any annotated copies of such documents containing source code.

14 Except as provided in this sub-paragraph, absent express written (ix) 15 permission from the Producing Party, the Receiving Party may not create electronic images, or any 16 other images, or make electronic copies of the Source Code from any paper copy of Source Code 17 for use in any manner (including by way of example only, the Receiving Party may not scan the 18 Source Code to a PDF or photograph the code) except in preparation for or in connection with: (i) filing (under seal) and service of papers, motions, and pleadings; (ii) expert reports; and (iii) a 19 20hearing or trial in this matter. Any such electronic copies shall be password protected and encrypted. Any such electronic copies shall be included in the log generated pursuant to this 21 subsection. Access to such electronic copies of source code printouts, but not expert reports, will be 22 limited to seven (7) individuals, and such electronic copies are to be made strictly for the purposes 23 24 of filings or hearings. Images or copies of Source Code shall not be included in correspondence 25 between the Parties (references to production numbers shall be used instead), and shall be omitted from pleadings and other papers whenever possible. If a Party reasonably believes that it needs to 26 27 submit a portion of Source Code as part of a filing with the Court, the Parties shall meet and confer

²⁸ ² Such Source Code computer(s) for use during depositions must, at a minimum, meet the specifications of Paragraph (ii-v) above. [PROPOSED] PROTECTIVE ORDER REGARDING THE DISCLOSURE AND USE OF DISCOVERY MATERIALS 19 CASE NOS. 3:18-CV-00360-WHA; -00365-WHA; -00365-WHA}

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as to how to make such a filing while protecting the confidentiality of the Source Code and such 1 2 Source Code will not be filed absent agreement from the Producing Party that the confidentiality 3 protections will be adequate. If a Producing Party agrees to produce an electronic copy of all or any 4 portion of its Source Code or provide written permission to the Receiving Party that an electronic or 5 any other copy needs to be made for a Court filing, access to the Receiving Party's submission, 6 communication, and/or disclosure of electronic files or other materials containing any portion of 7 Source Code (paper or electronic) shall at all times be limited solely to individuals who are 8 expressly authorized to view Source Code under the provisions of this Order. Where the Producing 9 Party has provided the express written permission required under this provision for a Receiving 10 Party to create electronic copies of Source Code, the Receiving Party shall maintain a log of all such electronic copies of any portion of Source Code in its possession or in the possession of its 11 12 retained consultants, including the names of the reviewers and/or recipients of any such electronic copies, and the locations and manner in which the electronic copies are stored. Additionally, any 13 such electronic copies must be labeled "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - SOURCE CODE" as 14 15 provided for in this Order.

16 (x) Apple will have two source code review platforms available for
17 Uniloc to access; both containing an identical set of code. One platform will be located at Goldman
18 Ismail in Chicago and the other will be located at Hogan Lovells in Denver.

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12.

NOTICE OF DISCLOSURE

(a) Prior to disclosing any Protected Material to any person described in
Paragraphs 8(b)(iii) (referenced below as "Person"), the Party seeking to disclose such information
shall provide the Producing Party with written notice that includes:

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(i) the name of the Person;

- (ii) an up-to-date curriculum vitae of the Person;
- (iii) the present employer and title of the Person;

26	(iv)	an identification of all of the Person's past and current employment
27		and consulting relationships, including direct relationships and
28		relationships through entities owned or controlled by the Person;

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- (v) a list of the cases in which the Person has testified at deposition or trial within the last five (5) years; and
- (vi) an identification of all pending patent applications on which the Person is named as an inventor, or in which the Person has any ownership interest.

Further, the Party seeking to disclose Protected Material shall provide such other information
regarding the Person's professional activities reasonably requested by the Producing Party for it to
evaluate whether good cause exists to object to the disclosure of Protected Material to the outside
expert or consultant. Any Party seeking to disclose Protected Material to more than a total of seven
(7) persons described in Paragraph 8(b)(iii) shall provide a written explanation alongside the Notice
of Disclosure detailing the good faith basis for requesting disclosure to such additional person(s).

12 Within ten (10) days of receipt of the disclosure of the Person, the Producing (b) Party or Parties may object in writing to the Person for good cause. In the absence of an objection at 13 the end of the ten (10) day period, the Person shall be deemed approved under this Protective Order. 14 15 There shall be no disclosure of Protected Material to the Person prior to expiration of this ten (10) 16 day period. If the Producing Party objects to disclosure to the Person within such ten (10) day 17 period, the Parties shall meet and confer via telephone or in person within seven (7) days following 18 the objection and attempt in good faith to resolve the dispute on an informal basis. If the dispute is not resolved, the Party objecting to the disclosure will have seven (7) days from the date of the meet 19 20and confer to seek relief from the Court. If relief is not sought from the Court within that time, the objection shall be deemed withdrawn. If relief is sought, designated materials shall not be disclosed 21 22 to the Person in question until the Court resolves the objection.

(c) For purposes of this section, "good cause" shall include an objectively
reasonable concern that the Person will use or disclose Discovery Materials in a way or ways that
would violate one or more provisions contained in this Order, whether intentionally or
inadvertently.

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[PROPOSED] PROTECTIVE ORDER REGARDING THE DISCLOSURE AND USE OF DISCOVERY MATERIALS Case 3:18-cv-00360-WHA Document 115 Filed 07/14/18 Page 22 of 29

(d) Prior to receiving any Protected Material under this Order, the Person must
 execute a copy of the "Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order" (Exhibit A hereto) and serve it
 on all Parties.

4 (e) An initial failure to object to a Person under this Paragraph 12 shall not 5 preclude the non-objecting Party from later objecting to continued access by that Person for good 6 cause. If an objection is made, the Parties shall meet and confer via telephone or in person within 7 three (3) days following the objection and attempt in good faith to resolve the dispute informally. If 8 the dispute is not resolved, the Party objecting to the disclosure will have three (3) days from the 9 date of the meet and confer to seek relief from the Court. The designated Person may continue to 10 have access to information that was provided to such Person prior to the date of the objection. If a later objection is made, no further Protected Material shall be disclosed to the Person until the Court 11 resolves the matter or the Producing Party withdraws its objection. Notwithstanding the foregoing, 12 if the Producing Party fails to move for a protective order within three (3) days after the meet and 13 confer, further Protected Material may thereafter be provided to the Person. 14

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13. <u>CHALLENGING DESIGNATIONS OF PROTECTED MATERIAL</u>

16 (a) A Party shall not be obligated to challenge the propriety of any designation
17 of Discovery Material under this Order at the time the designation is made, and a failure to do so
18 shall not preclude a subsequent challenge thereto.

(b) Any challenge to a designation of Discovery Material under this Order shall
be written, shall be served on Outside Counsel for the Producing Party, shall particularly identify
the documents or information that the Receiving Party contends should be differently designated,
and shall state the grounds for the objection. Thereafter, further protection of such material shall be
resolved in accordance with the following procedures:

(i) The objecting Party shall have the burden of conferring either in
person, in writing, or by telephone with the Producing Party claiming protection (as well as any
other interested party) in a good faith effort to resolve the dispute. The Producing Party shall have
the burden of justifying the disputed designation;

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(ii) Failing agreement, the Receiving Party may bring a motion to the
 Court for a ruling that the Discovery Material in question is not entitled to the status and protection
 of the Producing Party's designation. The Parties' entry into this Order shall not preclude or
 prejudice either Party from arguing for or against any designation, establish any presumption that a
 particular designation is valid, or alter the burden of proof that would otherwise apply in a dispute
 over discovery or disclosure of information;

(iii) Notwithstanding any challenge to a designation, the Discovery
Material in question shall continue to be treated as designated under this Order until one of the
following occurs: (a) the Party who designated the Discovery Material in question withdraws such
designation in writing; or (b) the Court rules that the Discovery Material in question is not entitled
to the designation.

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14. <u>SUBPOENAS OR COURT ORDERS</u>

13 If at any time documents containing Protected Information are requested or subpoenaed by any court, arbitral, administrative or legislative body, or are otherwise requested in discovery, the 14 15 party receiving the request shall immediately give written notice thereof to every party whose 16 Protected Information has been requested and to its counsel and shall copy Outside Counsel for the 17 Parties on any such communication and shall provide each such Party with an opportunity to object 18 to the production of such documents. If a Producing Party does not take steps to prevent disclosure of such documents within ten (10) business days of the date written notice is given, the party to 19 20 whom the referenced subpoena or request is directed may produce such documents only after written permission is granted, the Court has so Ordered, or the ten day period has lapsed, but shall 21 take all reasonable measures to have such documents treated in accordance with terms of this 22 23 Protective Order.

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[PROPOSED] PROTECTIVE ORDER REGARDING THE DISCLOSURE AND USE OF DISCOVERY MATERIALS CASE NOS. 3:18-CV-00360-WHA; -00363-WHA; -00365-WHA; -00572-WHA

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15. FILING PROTECTED MATERIAL

2 (a) Absent written permission from the Producing Party or a Court Order
3 secured after appropriate notice to all interested persons, a Receiving Party may not file or disclose
4 in the public record any Protected Material.

5 (b) Any Party is authorized under N.D. Cal. Civil L.R. 79-5 to file under seal 6 with the Court any brief, document, or materials that qualify as and are designated as Protected 7 Material under this Order. However, nothing in this section shall in any way limit or detract from 8 this Order's requirements as to Source Code. If only a portion of a brief qualifies as Protected 9 Material and upon written request, any party who contends that its Protected Material is contained 10 within the brief shall provide a redacted version of the brief to the requesting party within 2 business days of the initial filing. Such redacted brief will designate all portions of the original 11 brief that the party alleges to be HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY or 12 13 HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – SOURCE CODE and all portions alleged to be CONFIDENTIAL. The parties shall cooperate in good faith in resolving disputes relating to these redactions. Nothing 14 15 in this paragraph shall limit or restrict the right of any party to oppose a motion to seal on the 16 ground that all or some of the material sought to be sealed does not, in fact, warrant sealing.

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16. <u>INADVERTENT DISCLOSURE OF PRIVILEGED MATERIAL</u>

(a) The inadvertent production by a Party of Discovery Material subject to the
attorney-client privilege, work-product protection, or any other applicable privilege or protection,
despite the Producing Party's reasonable efforts to prescreen such Discovery Material prior to
production, will not waive the applicable privilege and/or protection if a request for return of such
inadvertently produced Discovery Material is made promptly after the Producing Party learns of its
inadvertent production.

(b) Upon a request from any Producing Party who has inadvertently produced
Discovery Material that it believes is privileged and/or protected, each Receiving Party shall
immediately return such Protected Material or Discovery Material and all copies to the Producing
Party, except for any pages containing privileged markings by the Receiving Party which shall
instead be destroyed and certified as such by the Receiving Party to the Producing Party.

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(c) Nothing herein shall prevent the Receiving Party from preparing a record for
 its own use containing the date, author, addresses, and topic of the inadvertently produced
 Discovery Material and such other information as is reasonably necessary to identify the Discovery
 Material and describe its nature to the Court in any motion to compel production of the Discovery
 Material.

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17. INADVERTENT FAILURE TO DESIGNATE PROPERLY

7 The inadvertent failure by a Producing Party to designate Discovery Material (a) 8 as Protected Material with one of the designations provided for under this Order shall not waive any 9 such designation provided that the Producing Party notifies all Receiving Parties that such 10 Discovery Material is protected under one of the categories of this Order within fourteen (14) days of the Producing Party learning of the inadvertent failure to designate. The Producing Party shall 11 reproduce the Protected Material with the correct confidentiality designation within seven (7) days 12 upon its notification to the Receiving Parties. Upon receiving the Protected Material with the 13 correct confidentiality designation, the Receiving Parties shall return or securely destroy, at the 14 15 Producing Party's option, all Discovery Material that was not designated properly.

(b) A Receiving Party shall not be in breach of this Order for any use of such
Discovery Material before the Receiving Party receives such notice that such Discovery Material is
protected under one of the categories of this Order. Once a Receiving Party has received
notification of the correct confidentiality designation for the Protected Material with the correct
confidentiality designation, the Receiving Party shall treat such Discovery Material (subject to the
exception in Paragraph 17(c) below) at the appropriately designated level pursuant to the terms of
this Order.

(c) Notwithstanding the above, a subsequent designation of CONFIDENTIAL,"
"HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL –
SOURCE CODE" shall apply on a going forward basis and shall not disqualify anyone who
reviewed "CONFIDENTIAL," "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" or
"HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL," "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" or

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"HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL –
 SOURCE CODE" from engaging in the activities set forth in Paragraph 6(b).

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18. INADVERTENT DISCLOSURE NOT AUTHORIZED BY ORDER

4 In the event of a disclosure of any Discovery Material pursuant to this Order (a) 5 to any person or persons not authorized to receive such disclosure under this Protective Order, the 6 Party responsible for having made such disclosure, and each Party with knowledge thereof, shall 7 immediately notify counsel for the Producing Party whose Discovery Material has been disclosed 8 and provide to such counsel all known relevant information concerning the nature and 9 circumstances of the disclosure. The responsible disclosing Party shall also promptly take all 10 reasonable measures to retrieve the improperly disclosed Discovery Material and to ensure that no further or greater unauthorized disclosure and/or use thereof is made 11

12 (b) Unauthorized or inadvertent disclosure does not change the status of
13 Discovery Material or waive the right to hold the disclosed document or information as Protected.

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19. FINAL DISPOSITION

(a) Not later than ninety (90) days after the Final Disposition of this case, each
Party shall return all Discovery Material of a Producing Party to the respective Outside Counsel of
the Producing Party or destroy such Material, at the option of the Producing Party. For purposes of
this Order, "Final Disposition" occurs after an order, mandate, or dismissal finally terminating all
claims asserted against all Parties in each of these related cases with prejudice, including all
appeals.

(b) All Parties that have received any such Discovery Material shall certify in
writing that all such materials have been returned to the respective Outside Counsel of the
Producing Party or destroyed. Notwithstanding the provisions for return of Discovery Material,
Outside Counsel may retain one set of pleadings, correspondence, and attorney and consultant work
product (but not document productions) for archival purposes, but must return any pleadings,
correspondence, and consultant work product that contain Source Code.

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[PROPOSED] PROTECTIVE ORDER REGARDING THE DISCLOSURE AND USE OF DISCOVERY MATERIALS Case 3:18-cv-00360-WHA Document 115 Filed 07/14/18 Page 27 of 29

20. <u>DISCOVERY FROM EXPERTS OR CONSULTANTS</u>

2 (a) Drafts of reports of testifying experts, and reports and other written materials,
3 including drafts, of consulting experts, shall not be discoverable.

4 (b) Reports and materials exempt from discovery under the foregoing Paragraph
5 shall be treated as attorney work product for the purposes of this case and Protective Order.

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21. <u>MISCELLANEOUS</u>

(a) <u>Non-Party Use of this Order</u>. The parties shall disclose this Protective Order
to all non-parties producing information or material pursuant to a subpoena or Court order in these
related cases. A non-party producing information or material voluntarily or pursuant to a subpoena
or a court order may designate such material or information under this Protective Order, and shall
be considered a Producing Party under this Protective Order. A non-party's use of this Protective
Order to protect its confidential information does not entitle that non-party access to Protected
Material produced by any Party.

(b) <u>Right to Further Relief</u>. Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any
person to seek its modification by the Court in the future. By stipulating to this Order, the Parties do
not waive the right to argue that certain material may require additional or different confidentiality
protections than those set forth herein.

(c) <u>Termination of Matter and Retention of Jurisdiction</u>. The Parties agree that
the terms of this Protective Order shall survive and remain in effect after the Final Determination in
this matter. The Court shall retain jurisdiction for 90 days after the termination of the matter to hear
and resolve any disputes arising out of this Protective Order.

(d) <u>Successors</u>. This Order shall be binding upon the Parties hereto, their
 attorneys, and their successors, executors, personal representatives, administrators, heirs, legal
 representatives, assigns, subsidiaries, divisions, employees, agents, retained consultants and experts,
 and any persons or organizations over which they have direct control.

(e) <u>Right to Assert Other Objections</u>. By stipulating to the entry of this
Protective Order, no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to disclosing or
producing any information or item. Similarly, no Party waives any right to object on any ground to

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use in evidence of any of the material covered by this Protective Order. This Order shall not
 constitute a waiver of the right of any Party to claim in these related actions or otherwise that any
 Discovery Material, or any portion thereof, is privileged or otherwise non-discoverable, or is not
 admissible in evidence in these related actions or any other proceeding.

(f) <u>Burdens of Proof.</u> Notwithstanding anything to the contrary above, nothing in
this Protective Order shall be construed to change the burdens of proof or legal standards applicable
in disputes regarding whether particular Discovery Material is confidential, which level of
confidentiality is appropriate, whether disclosure should be restricted, and if so, what restrictions
should apply.

(g) <u>Modification by Court</u>. This Order is subject to further Court order based
upon public policy or other considerations, and the Court may modify this Order *sua sponte* in the
interests of justice. The United States District Court for the Northern District of California is
responsible for the interpretation and enforcement of this Order. All disputes concerning Protected
Material, however designated, produced under the protection of this Order shall be resolved by the
United States District Court for the Northern District of California.

So ORDERED and SIGNED this <u>14th</u> day of <u>July</u>, 2018.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

[PROPOSED] PROTECTIVE ORDER REGARDING THE DISCLOSURE AND USE OF DISCOVERY MATERIALS

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